

**FOSS Wood and Paper Module
Glossary
2005 Edition**

Absorb: To soak in. (TG)

Across: To or on the opposite side. (TG)

Alternate: To switch back and forth; to take turns. (TG)

Apart: Separated into pieces; not next to each other. (TG)

Around: To move or place along the outside. (TG)

Artistic: Showing taste and skill. (TG)

Base: The bottom holder, or foundation of something. (TG)

Basswood: The lightweight, soft wood from a linden tree. (TG)

Bead: A small rounded object with a hole through which thread can be passed; a piece of jewelry. (TG)

Bend: To curve. (TG)

Blot: To dry or remove a liquid with an absorbent material, like a paper towel. (TG)

Bottom: The under or lower part. (TG)

Box: A square container. (TG)

Break: to separate into pieces. (TG)

Bumpy: Having raised, rounded spots; lumpy. (TG)

Change: To make or become different. (TG)

Chipboard: A thick, crude paper made from recycled cardboard. (TG)

Construction: the process of making or building something. (TG)

Corner: The point at which the sides of an object—like a box—meet. (TG)

Cornstarch: A white powder made from corn that is used to thicken substances in cooking. (TG)

Corrugated: Wrinkled; having ridges or grooves. (TG)

Corrugated cardboard: Cardboard: made with a layer of stiff, grooved paper. (TG)

Crease: To fold. (TG)

Design: To make a pattern or sketch of. (TG)

Different: Not the same. (TG)

Drop: A very small quantity of liquid. (TG)

Dropper: A device used to measure out drops of liquid. (TG)

Dry: Not wet; lacking moisture. (TG)

Edge: The line where something begins or ends. (TG)

Facial tissue: A soft, flexible type of paper used for blowing noses and wiping faces. (TG)

Fewer: Less than. (TG)

Fiber: A thread-like substance or filament. (TG)

Flat: Level, smooth or even; not raised. (TG)

Flip: To turn over. (TG)

Float: To rest on top of or be suspended in a liquid. (TG)

Flour: A soft powdery material made by grinding up wheat grains. (TG)

Fold: To bend the sides of a material together. (TG)

Glue: A substance used to stick things together. (TG)

Grain: The pattern of fibers in wood; texture. (TG)

Graph: A way to organize quantities mathematically. (TG)

Half: One part of two equal parts. (TG)

Horizontal: Level; sideways. (TG)

Kraft paper: A sturdy, brown paper used for wrapping packages. (TG)

Laminated: Glued together in layers. (TG)

Layer: A material that lies evenly over the top of or under a different material. (TG)

Matrix: A material that holds particles together. (TG)

Mix: To put together or combine. (TG)

Mixture: A combination of different materials; what you get when you mix different materials together. (TG)

Mold: To form, usually to a definite or pre-planned shape. (TG)

More: A large number of persons or things. (TG)

Newsprint: A thin, lightweight paper used for printing newspapers. (TG)

Outline: A line marking the outside edge of an object or figure. (TG)

Over: Above, on, or on top of. (TG)

Overlap: To cover over a part. (TG)

Paper towel: A soft, absorbent towel made from paper that can be thrown away or recycled after use. (TG)

Papier-mâché: A material used for molding made from paper and glue. (TG)

Particleboard: A wood product made of very small pieces of wood glued together. (TG)

Pattern: A design; something used as a model for making things. (TG)

Pine: A type of evergreen tree with needles and cones; the light durable wood from this tree. (TG)

Plywood: A wood product made of thin sheets of wood glued and pressed together. (TG)

Pulp: A liquid-like material made from wood or rages, used to make paper. (TG)

Recycle: To use a material or substance again, usually in another form or way. (TG)

Redwood: A type of evergreen tree that is tall and has needles and cones; the strong, reddish wood from this tree. (TG)

Roll: To move by turning over and over; to wrap something around on itself or on something else. (TG)

Rough: Bumpy; not smooth. (TG)

Same: Alike; not different. (TG)

Sand: A particle of rock that goes through all three screens but is larger than silt and clay. (TG)

Sandpaper: A type of paper coated with sand particles used to rub other materials smooth. (TG)

Sawdust: Fine particles made when a saw cuts wood. (TG)

Screen: A tool with holes in it used to separate materials by size. (TG)

Sculpture: A three-dimensional work of art. (TG)

Seam: The line where two objects are joined together. (TG)

Shape: The appearance or form of an object. (TG)

Shavings: Thin curls of wood carved off of a larger piece of wood. (TG)

Side: The outer surface of an object; not the front, back, top or bottom. (TG)

Sink: To go to the bottom of a body of water; to submerge. (TG)

Slick: Very smooth and slippery. (TG)

Slit: A long, narrow cut or opening. (TG)

Smooth: Flat, level; not rough. (TG)

Soak: to place in a liquid; to get wet. (TG)

Spread: To flatten out or cover a surface. (TG)

Stiff: Not easily bent; rigid. (TG)

Strip: A long, narrow, flat piece. (TG)

Stripe: A line of a different shade or color. (TG)

Strong: Tough, firm, solid or powerful. (TG)

Submerge: To push or put under water. (TG)

Tag board: A strong cardboard used especially for making shipping tags. (TG)

Tear: To rip apart. (TG)

Test: To check or try out. (TG)

Texture: How the surface of an object or material looks or feels. (TG)

Thick: To have a greater distance from one side to another; not thin. (TG)

Thin: To have a shorter distance from one side to another; not thick. (TG)

Top: The highest part, point, or level of something; the opposite of bottom. (TG)

Trace: To draw around an object. (TG)

Under-over: To move on top and then below; to weave in and out. (TG)

Vertical: Up and down direction. (TG)

Waterlogged: Full of water. (TG)

Waxed: Coated with a waxy substance. (TG)

Weave: To interlace strands of material—like paper strips or yarn—in an under-over pattern. (TG)

Weight: How heavy something is. (TG)

Wet: Containing or covered with a liquid; not dry. (TG)

Wheat paste: A mixture of flour and water used to glue materials together. (TG)

Wood: The hard material found under the bark of trees; the material that tree trunk, branches, and stems are made from. (TG)

Woodworker: A person who makes things with wood. (TG)